Carbon and Co-benefits Decision Support Tool

Introduction

This Carbon and Co-benefits Decision Support Tool allows users to self-assess the impact of the proposed policies, initiatives, or services against your local authority's policy frameworks. It provides decision makers with a high-level assessment of how a Decision meets policy goals and can facilitate a process of revising Decisions to more fully meet these goals. Where more detailed assessment is needed, users should consult other tools that lead to a full assessment of specific impact areas as indicated (e.g., Environmental Impact Assessment, Cost Benefit Analysis). Users self-assess against nine impact areas (Equalities, Health, Resilience & Adaptation, Housing, Economy, Mobility & Connectivity, Carbon, Nature & Environment, Consumption and Production and the Net Zero Wales target). Depending on your answers, you may then be directed into a self-reported Carbon Assessment tab, where your paper will be compared to relevant best practice. If your paper impacts on people with 'protected characteristics', you will be directed to the Equalities Impact Assessment tab. You will also be required to complete the Welsh Language Impacts Assessment, where relevant.

Note that the Carbon Assessment does not yet assess embodied carbon and the tool does not go into the detail of intersectionality with regard to equality and inclusion impacts. As such, it is important that users take an 'overview approach' when using this tool to inform decision-making at your local authority.

Overview information	Please complete all fields
Name of policy / initiative / service to be assessed	Consideration of Variation of Council Tax Premium Scheme for Second Homes and Long-term Empty Properties
Author(s)	David Barnes - Revenues and Procurement Manager
Date of Assessment	24/07/2024
Document Version	
Corporate objective being addressed	New and revised policies, practices or procedures. Decisions affecting service users, employees or the wider community
Department / function carrying out the assessment	Revenues
Who is responsible for the implementation of the policy / initiative / service? (function head / department manager)	Chief Officer Governance
Brief description of the proposal or decision	When considering whether or not to amend the premium levels, the discretion given to local authorities to charge a premium is intended to be a tool to help local authorities to: •bring long-term empty homes back into use to provide safe, secure and affordable homes; and •increase the supply of affordable housing; and •enhance the sustainability of local communities.
Value (£)	
Is this a strategy document?	Yes 🔻
If this is a strategy document will this strategy have an impact over multiple years?	Yes

1. Impacts Questionnaire

Guide

This questionnaire will provide high level scoring on key impact areas related to your local authority's policy. The results are given a RAG (Red, Amber, Green) result indicating how the proposed Decision fits with the policy related to the impact area.

Definitions

Some questions have a 'red corner' in the cell; this indicates that there are guidance notes available to view in relation to that question. To view these, hover the mouse pointer over one of these cells (you can practice by hovering over this cell). In the cells next to the question there are also links to websites with further supporting information.

Impact areas

Questions for each impact area require a yes/no answer to determine if they are relevant. These are set to YES as default – once you have read through the questions in that impact area, you may select NO if this area is not relevant to your paper.

Different types of papers and confidence in your assessment

It is understood that various types of Decisions are being assessed through this tool. For some papers, for example new strategies, you may not feel able to answer all of the questions with confidence as this will depend on delivery. You should answer on the basis of what the strategy aims to achieve – however, this is an important opportunity to consider where issues at the delivery stage could undermine your aims. You should note these challenges and specify any mitigation measures needed to ensure delivery is in line with the original aspirations on the results page.

Some papers may have a number of projects within them and so the answers between projects could be different. Here we ask you to take a high level ('helicopter') view, assessing across the content of the paper. However, again, where there are particular areas that will have negative impacts or there are risks that the assessed level of positive impact will not be met – specific mitigation measures should be flagged by users on the results page.

Impact categories

The definitions of the possible impacts are as follows:

Yes, with long lasting and/or significant positive impact. The proposal or decision has positive impacts that are long lasting (3 or more years) and/or are significant for large numbers of residents and/or a significant proportion of a particular group or community.

Yes, with short term (3 years or less) or limited positive impact. The proposal or decision has positive impact, but will be limited in its effects or have a short lifespan.

No, the decision or proposal has no discernable positive or negative impact. It will not affect any discernible positive or negative change.

Yes, but with short term (3 years or less) or limited negative impact. The proposal or decision has negative short term or limited impacts.

Yes, but with long lasting (more than 3 years) or severe negative impact. The proposal or decision has negative impacts that are long lasting (3 or more years) and/or are significant for large numbers of residents and/or a significant proportion of a particular group or community.

All Decisions will then be given a RAG (Red, Amber, Green) rating on applicable Impact areas. The definitions of these are:

All green. The proposal or decision is expected to have **positive impacts overall**, whether long or short term.

Equal number of red and green <u>OR</u> at least one red. The proposal or decision has both positive and negative impacts OR have net neutral impact with equal positive and negative overall outcomes. Careful consideration of trade-offs is recommended.

Mostly red, with at least one green. Careful consideration of trade-offs is necessary.

All red. The proposal or decision is expected result to **negative impacts overal**l. It should receive most attention for mitigation or be avoided. Clear and evidenced justification to progress this proposal will be required.

Impacts Questionnaire

1. Equality and Welsh Language

Will this proposal or decision affect individuals or groups (e.g., residents, employees, visitors) in different ways, including for example, social equality and inclusion?



					RAG Result	Comment
Please complete next part →	1	Will this proposal or decision disproportionately affect people with one or more protected characteristics ?	More help (web link)	Short term or limited positive		If the pres properties sales or re
	2	Will this proposal or decision affect other people or groups, for example, people with caring responsibilities, or those that are socially and economically disadvantaged ?	More help (web link) (web link)	Short term or limited positive		If the pres properties sales or re
	3	Will this proposal or decision affect local people's access to public services (e.g., community centres, transport services, health services)?	More help (web link)	No discernible impact		
	4	Will this proposal support communities in shaping decisions that affect them?		No discernible impact	G	
	5	Will this proposal or decision affect community cohesion ?		Short term or limited positive		If the pres properties sales or re
	6	Will this proposal or decision affect opportunities for people to use Welsh Language no less favourably than English language?	More help (web link)	No discernible impact		
	7	Will this proposal or decision affect Welsh culture and Welsh speaking communities?		No discernible impact		

Comment - please provide succinct statements.

If the present Premium Scheme is maintained or increased it is expected that more properties not presently occupied on a residential basis would become available to the sales or rental market. If the present Premium Scheme is maintained or increased it is expected that more properties not presently occupied on a residential basis would become available to the sales or rental market.

f the present Premium Scheme is maintained or increased it is expected that more properties not presently occupied on a residential basis would become available to the cales or rental market and increase opportunities for famillies to stav local in their

2. Health

Please

complete

next part

 \rightarrow

Will this proposal or decision affect people's physical or mental well-being?



1	Will this proposal or decision affect the physical health of residents?	Ν	No discernible impact	
2	Will this proposal or decision affect the mental well- being of residents?	S	Short term or limited positive	
3	Will the proposal or decision affect residents' levels of physical activity?	Ν	No discernible impact	
4	Will the proposal or decision affect levels of social isolation?	S	Short term or limited positive	
5	Will this proposal or decision affect residents' access to healthcare facilities and services, including other caring services?	Ν	No discernible impact	
6	Will this proposal affect the lifestyle and/or health of babies, children, and/or adults, for example, through access to and provision of healthy food?	N	No discernible impact	

RAG Result	Comment -

Comment - please provide succinct statements.

Bringing properties back into use and increasing local housing stock means that families can continue to live in the communities in which they grew up creating close family networks and a sense of belonging.

If the premium scheme is maintained or increased there is potential that famillies could stay local with increased availability of affordable housing meaning family members are not isolated and there is family cohesion

3. Resilience and Adaptation

Will this proposal or decision affect your local authority's social, economic and ecological resilience and capacity to adapt to change?



					RAG Result
Please complete next part →		Will this proposal or decision increase the			
	1	environmental/climate, disaster, or public safety risks in your local authority?	More help (web link)	Short term or limited positive	
	2	Will this proposal or decision enable individuals, communities, or businesses to better withstand and recover from disruption more quickly and effectively?		No discernible impact	
	3	Will this proposal or decision affect current levels of vulnerability both for people and the environment?		No discernible impact	G
	4	Will this proposal or decision make our communities and people feel safer at home and/or in their local area?		Short term or limited positive	
	5	Does this proposal or decision affect access to and provision of green and blue spaces?	More help (web link)	No	

Comment - please provide succinct statements.

If long-term empty properties are incentivised to be brought back into use by maintaining or increasing the premium, this would ensure that properties that require investment are modernised including the fitting of more modern and efficient heating,

If long-term empty properties are incentivised to be brought back into use by maintaining or increasing the premium, this would ensure that properties that are perhaps empty and derelict and causing harm to the environment and visual amenity of an area are brought up to a good standard

4. Housing

Please

complete

next part \rightarrow

Will this proposal or decision affect housing in your local authority?



1	Will this proposal or decision affect people who are experiencing or at risk of any form of homelessness , including for example, rough sleeping ?	More help (web link)	Long term or significant positive	
2	Will this proposal or decision affect the accessibility or affordability of homes for residents?		Short term or limited positive	
3	Will this proposal or decision improve derelict urban land or reuse redundant or underused buildings for local housing?		Long term or significant positive	
4	Will this proposal or decision facilitate construction of new-build residential building(s)?		No	
5	Will this proposal or decision facilitate maintenance or improvement of existing residential building(s)?		Yes	
6	Will this proposal or decision affect mandates or regulations for landlords on building standards?		No	

Comment - please provide succinct statements.

RAG Result

Iviantaning or increeasing the Premium may encourage landiorus to pring uninhabitable properties back into housing stock or for second home owners to sell their properties which may also increase availability of housing to contribute to the If the Premium were to be increased there is potential that both housing stock availability may increase and also house prices to decrease as a result increasing availability and affordability

By maintianing or increasing the premium scheme incentivises owners of buildings that are empty and in a poor state or derelict to bring them up to a habitable standard and available as local housing.

By maintianing or increasing the premium scheme incentivises owners of buildings that are empty and in a poor state or derelict to bring them up to a habitable standard and available as local housing.

5. Economy

Will this proposal or decision affect your local authority's economy and its global responsibility? Yes
 No

						RAG Result	Comment - please provide succinct statements.
	1	Will this proposal or decision contribute to improving economic development in your local authority?		Short term or limited positive	•		By addressing the issue of shortage of housing stock, this will ensure Wales and the County are in a strong position to be able to provide suitable housing to residents who wish to live there meaning they do not have to seek alternative solutions outside the
	2	Will this proposal or decision increase or decrease employment opportunities for local people?		No discernible impact	-		
	3	Will this proposal or decision create, retain or attract jobs where people are satisfied?	More help (web link)	No discernible impact	•		
Please complete	4	Will this proposal or decision help local businesses maximise potential economic assets ?		Short term or limited positive	-		More available housing and less second homes would increase the supply of labour to local employers
next part →	5	Will this proposal contribute to innovation and/or productivity in your local authority?		No discernible impact	-	A	
	6	Will this proposal attract inward investment in our towns and cities?		Short term or limited negative	•		An increase in premium on long-term empty properties may disincentivise developers fromm purchasing and developing into habitable properties where they premium is already in place on the property.
	7	Will this proposal increase opportunities for formal education, vocational training or skills that are 'fit for the future' ?	More help (web link)	No discernible impact	•		
	8	Does this proposal entail the construction or re-purposing of building(s) for non-residential purposes?		No	•		

6. Mobility and Connectivity

Proceed to next question ↓

Will this proposal or decision affect mobility and connectivity in your local authority through transport and digital infrastructures?

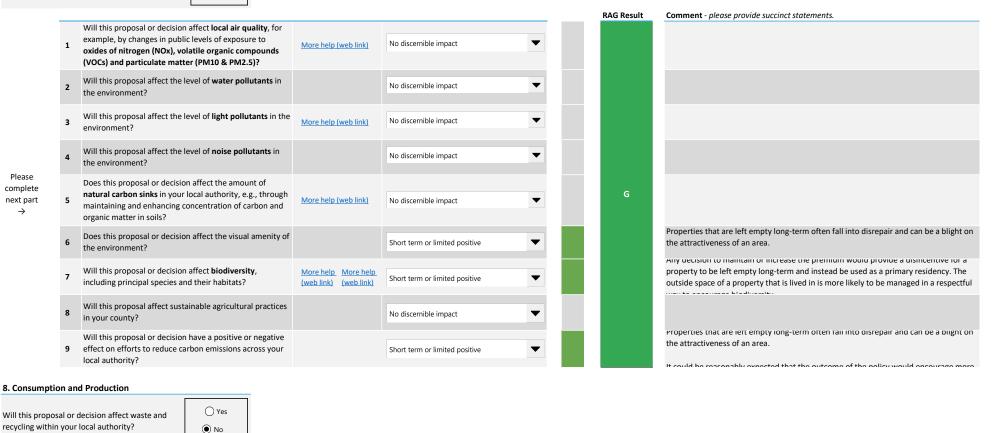


1	Does this proposal or decision affect digital connectivity?	
3	Will this proposal or decision affect access to services for users through physical or digital infrastructure, such as provision of new transport links or online services?	
5	Does this proposal or decision affect affordability of transport or digital services?	
7	Does this proposal or decision affect transport connectivity?	
9	Does the proposal or decision affect roads or parking?	
11 11 11 11	Will this proposal or decision restrict petrol/diesel vehicle use in towns and cities?	

RAG Result	Comment - please provide succinct statements.

7. Carbon, Nature and Environment

Will this proposal or decision affect the natural environment, ecosystems, carbon emissions and local pollution in your local authority? YesNo



	1	Does this project or decision have an impact on the amount of waste produced, considering all waste streams and their life cycle including food waste?		•
				•
Proceed to	3	Does this proposal or decision consider resource efficiency and take steps to increase circularity?	More help (web link)	•

RAG Result	Comment - please provide succinct statements.			

next	
question	
\checkmark	

		•
5	What impact will this project or decision have on goals to minimise construction waste?	-
		•

9. Climate Change Target	Enter text answer below (include summary of climate change mitigation measures)
How does this proposal or decision contribute to achieving your local authority's carbon/climate change targets? What more could be done to improve this contribution further?	

2. Simple Carbon Assessment

Guide

The Simple Carbon Assessment tool scores the Decision against best practice for reducing carbon emissions that cause climate change in line with your local authority's targets. You only need to answer the sections indicated - this is determined by answers given in the Impacts Questionnaire.

Some questions require a yes/no response that is scored. Others require a comment that will provide additional context for a reviewer of the decision. If 'Non Applicable'' is given as an answer add a brief explanation why this is the case.

All questions need to be answered to score a section.

For any scoring a comment can be added as justification in the 'Comment' column.

Embodied carbon is not specified in the simple assessment - full life cycle assessment is required and advisable to comment on this.

The scoring is colour coded as follows:

Grey: No associated carbon impacts expected for decision.

Green: In the simple assessment the decision meets the highest standard in terms of practice and awareness.

Blue: In the simple assessment the decision meets most of the associated best practice with a good level of awareness.

Brown: In the simple assessment the decision only partially meets associated best

practice and/or awareness is lacking, significant room for improvement.

Black: In the simple assessment the decision does not meet best practice and/or there

is insufficient awareness of carbon impacts.

Simple Carbon Assessment

Buildings

X You do not need to answer section 1a

Q.1a If the Decision will contribute to the construction of a new residential building(s):

Q.1a If the Decision will contribute to the construction of a new residential building(s):			Comment - please provide succinct statements.	Result
State the design energy performance certification (EPC) of the building(s).		Enter text answer in the comment field $ o $		
Does the new building(s) include a natural gas or oil based heating system?				
		~		
Have life cycle (embodied) carbon emissions of building materials been considered and minimised in building design and are steps taken to procure lowest carbon options?				
Has a biodiversity impact assessment been completed and is onsite biodiversity net gain over 10%?	More help (web link)			
		-		
Building will include onsite renewable energy (Solar Photovoltaics (PV), Solar Thermal, Ground/Air Source Heat Pump)?	More help (web link)			

Please answer section 1b

Q.1b If the decision will contribute to the renovation or maintenance of a residential building(s):	Comment - please provide succinct statements. Res
What is the current EPC standard of the building(s) and what will it be following the intervention(s)?	Enter text answer in the comment field $ ightarrow$
If natural gas/oil heating systems are present will they be replaced with a low carbon alternative?	Not Applicable Add comment >
Have life cycle (embodied) carbon emissions of building materials being considered and are steps taken to procure lowest carbon options?	Not Applicable Add comment >
Will the building fabric be upgraded to improve energy efficiency?	Yes 💌
Will a minimum EPC rating of 'C' be attained?	Don't know By encouraging uninhabitable properties to be renovated should increase the EPC ratings

What additional costs are associated with upgrading building to EnerPhit standard after intervention)?	Help (web He link) lin	elp (web nk 2)	Enter text answer in the c	omment field $ ightarrow$	
Will onsite renewable energy generation (Solar Photovoltaics or Solar Thermal) be added as part of the renovation/maintenance?	More help (web	link)	Not Applicable	Add comment >	

X You do not need to answer section 1c

Q.1c If the Decision will contribute to the construction of a new non-residential (in	ncluding pub	olic) building:		Comment - please provide succinct statements.
State the design Energy Performance Certificate (EPC) or Display Energy Certificate (DEC) of the building.			Enter text answer in the comment field $ imes$	
			•	
Does the new building(s) include a natural gas or oil based heating system?			T	
Does the building design include a Building Energy Management s ystem or Building Management System?				
Estimated additional costs to improve to higher fabric efficiency standard.			Enter text answer in the comment field $ ightarrow$	
			•	
Has biodiversity net benefit been incorporated into the project	<u>More help</u> (web link)	<u>More help</u> (web link)		
			•	
Is there a bus/tram/train stop near (up to a mile) from the building(s) for car free commuting?			-	
Does the development include facilities for cyclists (secure, dry bike storage)?				

Transport

X You do not need to answer section 2a

Q.2a If this Decision affects cycling, walking, bus, tram or train availability and/or access:

Q.2a If this Decision affects cycling, walking, bus, tram or train availability and/or access:	Comment - please provide succinct statements.	Result
Is an existing active travel route being extended/improved?		
Is an existing active travel route being removed/reduced?		
Is an active travel route being created?		
Is access to existing and planned local educational, shopping, leisure and work facilities by public transport being improved?		
Is resident access to low carbon transport being enhanced through increased shared mobility options?		
Are new public transport facilities being constructed?		
Are existing public transport facilities being removed or disrupted?		

X You do not need to answer section 2b

Q.2b If the Decision affect roads, parking or vehicle access:		Comment - please provide succinct statements.	Result
Will road capacity be increased for vehicles only?	•		
	•		
Will access for cyclists or pedestrians be improved?			
	•		
With the exception of Disabled Parking - will the Decision lead to a net increase in parking spaces in town/city centres?			
Does the Decision increase access to electric vehicle charging points?	•		

X You do not need to answer section 2c

Q.2c If this Decision affect access for residents to amenities:	Comment - please provide succinct statements.	Result	
Does the development improve access to shops and services for residents by walking/cycling?			
	•		
Does the development require access to a car to reach?	•		

X You do not need to answer section 2d

Q.2d If the Decision requires the procurement of a new vehicle:	Comment - please provide succinct statements.	
What is the vehicle?	Enter text answer in the comment field $ ightarrow$	
	▼	
Were whole-life costs for the vehicle (operation as well as initial purchase) considered?	▼	
If a fully electric or hydrogen option is not being selected state why.		

Land Use

X You do not need to answer section 3a

Q.3a If the Decision changes existing land use:	Comment - please provide succinct statements.	Result		
Will existing green space/ecologically important habitat be preserved?	More help (web link)			
Has a biodiversity assessment been completed?				
Will a new natural habitat be created?	More help (web link)			
Does this proposal impact a principal species ?		•		
Overall Rating				

3. Equalities Impact Assessment

Based on your Impacts Questionnaire response, you are required to complete this Equalities Impact Assessment.

Guide

This form is a generic template for an Equalities Impact Assessment. You may prefer to use your local authority's Equalities Impact Assessment proforma and follow your standard screening and full assessment process.

Some fields have already been answered based on the responses you provided on the Introductory sheet (marked here with an asterisk). If any of these are incorrect, please edit them on the Introductory form.

This section is not scored.

	Answer:
If you have completed an Equalities Impact Assessment for this proposal in another form there is no need to complete this form, but please give details of the EIA completed that will be attached with the proposal:	If alternative EIA state here

An equality impact assessment must be undertaken at the outset of any proposal to ensure robust evidence is considered in decision making. This documentation will support the Council in making informed, effective and fair decisions whilst ensuring compliance with a range of relevant legislation, including:

- Equality Act 2010 (Statutory Duties) (Wales) Regulations 2011
- Socio-economic Duty Sections 1 to 3 of the Equality Act 2010.

This document will also contribute towards our duties to create a More Equal Wales within the

• Well-being of Future Generation (Wales) Act 2015.

The 'A More Equal Wales – Mapping Duties' guide highlights the alignment of our duties in respect of the above-mentioned legislation.

In accordance with the Equality Act 2010, Councils are required in the exercise of their functions to have due regard for the need to:

- Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation.
- · Advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic, and persons who do not share it.
- Foster good relations between those who have a relevant protected characteristic and those who don't.

Having due regard to the need to advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it involves having due regard, in particular, to the need to:

- Remove or minimise disadvantages suffered by persons who share a relevant protected characteristic that are connected to that characteristic;
- Take steps to meet the needs of persons who share a relevant protected characteristic that are different from the needs of the persons who do not share it;
 Encourage persons who share a relevant protected characteristic to participate in public life or in any other activity in which participation by such persons is disproportionately low.

Having due regard to the need to foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it involves having due regard, in particular, to the need to tackle prejudice and promote understanding.

"Relevant protected characteristics" are age; disability; gender reassignment; pregnancy and maternity; race; religion or belief; sex; and sexual orientation.

On Section 2, please provide as much detail as possible of how the proposal will impact on the people with protected characteristics and/or those who may be socially-disadvantaged. The impacts may not necessarily be negative, but may impact on a group with a particular characteristic in a specific way.

For Section 3, Consultation and Engagement:

The legislation relating to the EqIA process requires you to engage and involve people who represent the interests of those who share one or more of the protected characteristics and with those who have an interest in the way you carry out your functions. The socio economic duty also requires us to take into account the voices of those in the community including those with lived experience of socio economic disadvantage. You should undertake engagement with communities of interest or communities of place to understand if they are more affected or disadvantaged by your proposals. This needs to be proportionate to the policy or practice being assessed. Remember that stakeholders can also include our own staff as well as partner organisations.

Guidance on consultation and engagement is available on the Council's Intranet. There is also a list of organisations/groups you can contact to support you reach as many people with protected characteristics and Welsh speakers as possible.

Section 1

Name of policy / initiative / Service to be impact assessed*	Consideration of Variation of Council Tax Premium Scheme for Second Homes and Long-
Corporate objective being addressed*	New and revised policies, practices or procedures. Decisions affecting service users,
Department / function carrying out the assessment*	Revenues
Who is responsible for the implementation of the policy / initiative /	Chief Officer Governance
service? (function head /department manager)*	
Who is involved in the impact assessment?	
What are the aims / objectives of the policy / initiative / service?	When considering whether or not to amend the premium levels, the discretion given to
Who is intended to benefit from the policy?	
What are the main outcomes of the policy (this is key to being able to	
identify what monitoring is needed)?	
Is the policy for external or internal purposes?	
Are other organisations involved in the delivery?	
If yes please state who:	

What information / past experience do we have i.e. a similar initiative
and what did this information tell us? (info can be demographic data i.e.
census findings, research findings, comparisons between similar policies
in our Service and other Services, survey data, equality monitoring data,
ad hoc data gathering exercises)A service and other Services, survey data, equality monitoring data,
equality monitoring data,
equality formation be collected regarding the impact of the policy
/initiative /service/ employment policy etc?A service and other service and service and

Section 2		Impacts identified / Relevant data and evidence
Age	If the present Premium Scheme is maintained or increased it is	Positive
	expected that more properties	
Disability	If the present Premium Scheme	Positive
	is maintained or increased it is expected that more properties	
Cau.	The policy outcome would have	Neutral
Sex	no specific impact to a person due only to their sex	
	The policy outcome would have	Neutral
Race	no specific impact to a person due only to race. It would	
	The policy outcome would have	Neutral
Religion and Belief (including no belief)	no specific impact to a person	
	due only to religious belief. The policy outcome would have	Neutral
Sexual orientation	no specific impact to a person	
	due only to sexual orientation.	Neutral
Gender reassignment	The policy outcome would have no specific impact to a person	Neutral
	due only to gender	
Pregnancy and Maternity	If the present Premium Scheme is maintained or increased it is	Positive
	expected that more properties	
March and a state of the second state	If the present Premium Scheme	Positive
Marriage and civil partnership	is maintained or increased it is expected that more properties	
People experiencing or at risk of socio-economic disadvantage (including	If the procent Promium Scheme	Positive
those with lower income or carers)	is maintained or increased it is	
	expected that more properties If the present Premium Scheme	Positive
Human rights	is maintained or increased it is	
	expected that more properties	
Others, please state (e.g., Modern Slavery, Safeguarding, Other COVID	Homeless - If the present Premium Scheme is maintained	
effects, Carers, Ex-offenders, Veterans, Care Leavers, Substance Abuse, Homeless)	or increased it is expected that	
What is the impact of this proposal on those who serve or who have		
served in the Armed Forces, along with their families, as related to		
housing and education services?		
What is the sumulative impact of this proposal on different protected		
What is the cumulative impact of this proposal on different protected groups when considering other key decisions affecting these groups		
made by the organisation?		
How does this proposal meet the goals and ways of working specified in		
the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015?		
Describe any intended negative impact identified and explain why you		
believe this is justified		
For example, on the grounds of advancing equality of opportunity or fostering good relations between those who share a protected		
fostering good relations between those who share a protected characteristic and those who do not or because of an objective		
justification or positive action		
Could any of the negative impacts identified amount to unlawful discrimination but are perceived to be unavoidable (e.g., reduction in		
funding)?		
If you answered Yes or Not Sure, please state below, which		
protected group(s) this applies to and explain why (including		
likely impact or effects of this proposed change)?		
If you answered No , are there any barriers identified which		
amount to a differential impact for certain groups and what		
are they?		

Section 3: Consultation & Engagement

Meetings and discussions	Public engagement activities
Include who was involved	Include who was involved

Section 4: Dealing with adverse and unlawful impact	
When considering proportionality, does the policy or practice have a significantly positive or negative impact or create inequalities of outcome resulting from socio-economic disadvantage?	Please give brief details
What measures or changes will you introduce to the policy or practice in the final draft which could reduce or remove any unlawful or negative impact or disadvantage and/or improve equality of opportunity/introduce positive change; or reduce inequalities of outcome resulting from socio-economic disadvantage?	Specify the impact and mitigation measures or positive actions taken
Will these measures remove any unlawful impact or disadvantage? If No, what actions could you take to achieve the same goal by an alternative means?	
Have you put an action plan in place to implement and monitor these mitigation measures? If ves, please attach your action plan to this assessment.	

Decision to proceed

Using the information you have gathered in Sections 1-4, please state whether you are able to proceed with the policy or practice and if so, on what basis
Continue with policy or practice in its current form.

Continue with policy or practice but with amendments for improvement or to remove any areas of adverse impact identified in Section 4.
Continue with the plan as any detrimental impact can be justified.
Do not continue with this policy or practice as it is not possible to address the adverse impact. Consider alternative ways of addressing the issues.

4. Welsh Language Impact Assessment

🗙 Based on your Impacts Questionnaire response, you are not required to complete this Welsh Language Impact Assessment.

 $\mathbf{1}$

Recommendation - Key points for decision-makers

Consider the relevant impacts prior to deciding if to vary the premium scheme on long -term empty properties and second homes from April 2025 noting the limited risks highlighted within this Assessment.

L

Date assessment completed: 27/08/2024

IImpacts Questionnaire

Impacts Questionnai	re	i
Impact Indicator	Result	Justification/Mitigation
Equality and Welsh Language	G	
Health	G	
Resilience and Adaptation	G	
Housing	G	
Economy	А	There is a risk that charging a premium may disincentivise developers from purchasing and renovating derelict properties to makes them habitable where all exemption have lapsed and the premium may be payable. However, incentives and grants may be available through the Empty Homes scheme to support such developments with financial costs, and the Council considers realistic affordable payment arrangements on a case-by-case basis to reduce the financial burden of the premium or to prevent hardship.
Mobility and Connectivity		
Carbon, Nature and Environment	G	
Consumption and Production		
Contribution to achieving your authority's Net Zero target	local	
Further Assessment(s):		Carbon Assessment. Equalities Assessment.
Legend:	G	Positive impacts overall, whether long or short term.
	А	Mix of positive and negative impacts. Trade-offs to consider.
	R	Mostly negative, with at least one positive aspect. Trade-offs to consider.
 	RR	Negative impacts overall.

Overall Score		
Buildings	Result	Justification/Mitigation
New Build residential	N/A	
Residential building(s) renovation/maintenance		If the premium was to be varied, it would not necessarily lead to an minimum EPC rating of C being attained on properties, however with their being a legal requirement of a property being E Rating in Wales in order to rent out a property, homes which are in a poor state of repair are likely to have a significant increase on their EPC rating if they are to be rented out to tenants. For those that are purchased to live in it would be reasonable to assume that they would be finished to a high standard and achieve a higher EPC rating than prior to renovations taking place.
New build non-residential (including public) buildings	N/A	
Transport		
Active travel and public transport	N/A	
Roads, Parking and Vehicle Access	N/A	
Access to amenities	N/A	
Vehicle procurement	N/A	
Land Use		
Land use	N/A	
Legend:		No associated carbon impacts expected.
		High standard in terms of practice and awareness on carbon.
		Mostly best practice with a good level of awareness on carbon.
		Partially meets best practice/ awareness, significant room to improve.